THE FOREST RESOURCES MANAGEMENT AND CONSERVATION ACT, NO. 10 OF 1996

THE IMPLEMENTATION OF CONVENTION ON INTERNATIONAL TRADE IN ENDANGERED SPECIES OF WILD FAUNA AND FLORA (CITES) REGULATIONS, 2019

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**SCHEDULES**
IN EXERCISE of the powers conferred upon me under section 100 of the Forest Resources Management and Conservation Act, No. 10 of 1996, I, MMANGA MJENGO MJAWIRI, Minister for Agriculture, Natural Resources, Livestock and Fisheries do hereby make the following Regulations:

PART ONE
PRELIMINARY PROVISIONS

1. These Regulations may be cited as the implementation of the Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora (CITES) Regulations, 2019 and shall come into operation immediately after being signed by the Minister and published in the Gazette.

2.-(1) These Regulations shall apply to all animals and plant species listed in all three CITES appendices.

(2) The CITES appendices species shall be as approved from time to time by the Conference of the Parties and published by the Minister in the Gazette.

3. In these Regulations, unless the context otherwise requires:

“Act” means the Forest Resources Management and Conservation Act, No. 10 of 1996;

“animal” means any kind of vertebrate and invertebrate and egg thereof other than a domestic animal;

“animal capture” means an act of taking a live animal or egg from the wild;

"artificially propagated" means plants grown under controlled conditions from seeds, cuttings, divisions, callus tissues or other plant tissues, spores or other propagules that either are exempt or have been derived from cultivated parental stock;
“Appendices” means the species covered by CITES listed in three Appendices, according to the degree of protection they need; Appendix I includes species threatened with extinction; Trade in specimens of these species is permitted only in exceptional circumstances; Appendix II includes species not necessarily threatened with extinction, but in which trade must be controlled in order to avoid utilization incompatible with their survival; Appendix III contains species that are protected in at least one country, which has asked other CITES Parties for assistance in controlling the trade; Changes to Appendix III follow a distinct procedure from changes to Appendices I and II, as each Party’s is entitled to make unilateral amendments to it;

"bred in captivity" means offspring, including eggs, born or otherwise produced in a controlled environment of parents that mated or otherwise transmitted their gametes in a controlled environment, as defined in Resolutions of the Conference of the Parties;

"Certificate of Origin" means documents allowing the export of specimens of species listed in Appendix III when the specimens originated in a non-listing country;

“CITES” means the Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora of 1973, to which the United Republic of Tanzania is a party;

“CITES Appendices” means Appendices I, II and III described in Article II and attached to the text of CITES;

"CITES Secretariat” and “Secretariat” means the Secretariat of CITES as referred to in Article XII of CITES;

"Conference of the Parties" means the Conference of the Parties as referred to in Article XI of CITES;

“controlled environment” means the environment that is manipulated for the purpose of producing animals of a particular species, that has boundaries designed to prevent animals, eggs or gametes of the species from entering or leaving the controlled environment, and the general characteristics of which may include but are not limited to: artificial housing; waste removal; health care; protection from predators; and artificially supplied food;
"Country of Origin" means the country in which a specimen has been taken in the wild or born or bred in captivity or artificially propagated, or introduced from the sea;

“derivative” means in relation to an animal, plant or other organism, means any part, tissue or extract, of an animal, plant or other organism, whether fresh, preserved or processed, and includes any chemical compound derived from such part, tissue or extract;

“Enforcement Officer” means:

(a) Forest Officer or other person designated to be an Enforcement Officer under the provision of Part XI of the Act;

(b) Police Officer in Zanzibar;

(c) Customs Officer in Zanzibar;

(d) Fisheries officer as described in the Fisheries Act; or

(e) Plant Protection Inspector as describe in the Plant Protection Act.

"export" means the act of taking any specimen out of any place under the jurisdiction of United Republic of Tanzania;

“Forest Authority” shall have the meaning ascribed to it under the Act;

“holding ground or farm” means an area where animals are kept waiting to be exported and includes an aviary, pen or similar area;

“hunting trophy” means any horn, ivory, tooth, tusk, claw, hoof, hide, skin, hair, feather, egg or other durable portion whatsoever of any animal, whether processed or not, which is recognizable as a durable portion of such animal;

"import" means to land on or attempt to land on, bring into or introduce into, any place subject to the jurisdiction of Zanzibar other than transit and transshipment any specimen of species included in the Appendices of CITES;

"introduction from the sea" means transportation into Zanzibar of specimens of any species which were taken from the marine
environment not under the jurisdiction of any State, including the air space above the sea and the sea-bed and subsoil beneath the sea;

"International Trade" means any export, re-export, or import covered by the customs regulations and introduction from the sea;

“label” means a piece of paper, card, or other material bearing the acronym ‘CITES’ and issued or approved by a Management Authority for the identification of contents as herbarium specimens, preserved, dried or embedded museum specimens or live plant material for scientific study. They shall include the name and address of the sending institution and the codes of the exporting and importing institutions over the signature of a responsible officer of that registered scientific institution;

“Licensing Officer” means any officers or any other person whom the Management Authority or Minister may appoint to be a licensing officer for the purpose of these Regulations;

“Management Authority” means the CITES Management Authority of Zanzibar as prescribed under regulation 4 of these Regulations;

“mark” means any indelible imprint, lead seal or other suitable means of identifying a specimen, designed in such a way as to render its imitation by unauthorized persons as difficult as possible;

“Minister” means the Minister responsible for the management and conservation of Forest resources;

“party” means a State or a regional economic integration organization for which CITES has entered into force;

"Permit or Certificate" means the official document used to authorize import, export, re-export, or introduction from the sea of specimens of species listed in any of the Appendices of CITES;

"personal or household effects" means dead specimens, parts and derivatives that are the belongings of a private individual and that form or are intended to form part of his normal possessions;

"Pre-convention Certificate" means the pre-convention date for a specimen may vary depending on when a Party joined CITES or on a country's stricter national legislation;
"primarily commercial purposes" means all purposes whose non-commercial aspects do not clearly predominate;

“quota” means prescribed number or quantity of specimens that can be harvested, exported or otherwise used over a specific period of time;

“readily recognizable part or derivative” means and includes any specimen which appears from an accompanying document, the packaging or a mark or label, or from any other circumstances, to be a part or derivative of an animal or plant of a species included in the Appendices, unless such part or derivative is specifically exempted from the provisions of the Convention;

“re-export” means export of any specimen that has previously been imported;

“Rescue Centre” means an institution or area designated by the Management Authority to look after the welfare of living specimens, particularly those that have been confiscated;

“Scientific Authority” means the Authority appointed or designated under regulation 5 of these Regulations;

“species” means any species, subspecies, or geographically separate population thereof;

“specimen” means:

(a) any animal or plant, whether alive or dead;

(b) in the case of an animal: for species included in Appendices I and II of CITES and any readily recognizable part or derivative thereof, and for species included in Appendix III of CITES, any readily recognizable part of derivative thereof specified in Appendix III of CITES in relation to the species;

(c) in the case of a plant: for species included in Appendix I of CITES, any readily recognizable part of derivative thereof, and species included in Appendices II and III of CITES, any readily recognizable part of derivative thereof specified in Appendices II and III of CITES in relation to the species; and
(d) any specimen which appears from an accompanying document, the packaging or a mark or label or from any other circumstances, to be a part or derivative of an animal or plant of a species included in the Appendices, unless such part or derivative is specifically exempted from the provisions of CITES.

“Tags” means a piece of material for the identification of raw, tanned, or finished crocodilian skins entering international trade from the countries of origin;

“trade” means export, re-export, import and introduction from the sea;

"transit" means the transit procedures as defined by the East African Customs Management Act;

"transshipment" means the transshipment procedures as defined by the East African Customs Management Act;

“under controlled environment or condition” means in a non-natural environment that is intensively manipulated by human intervention for the purpose of plant production. General characteristics of controlled conditions may include but are not limited to tillage, fertilization, weed and pest control, irrigation, or nursery operations such as potting, bedding or protection from weather.

PART TWO
MANAGEMENT AND SCIENTIFIC AUTHORITIES

4.-(1) The Forest Authority is designated as the CITES Management Authority for Zanzibar.

(2) The Management Authority in consultation with the Management Authority of the United Republic of Tanzania shall:

(a) issue CITES import, export and re-export permits, and introduction from the sea and other certificates;
(b) register captive breeding operations, zoos and rescue centers or nurseries and operations that artificially propagate plant species;
(c) affix marks upon specimens in trade to assist in identifying the specimen;
(d) maintain records of trade in specimens listed in the CITES Appendices;

(e) prepare periodic reports on Zanzibar’s implementation of CITES, and in collaboration with the Management Authority prepare a report for the United Republic of Tanzania for onward transmission to the Secretariat;

(f) communicate with the management and competent authorities of other States and the Secretariat;

(g) establish policies related to the implementation of CITES; and

(h) coordinate CITES-related activities of Zanzibar authorities.

(3) Without prejudice to the generality of sub regulation (2) of this regulation, the Management Authority may consult the Management Authority of United Republic of Tanzania on matters related to CITES and that requires consultations only.

(4) The Minister may, by notice published in the Gazette, appoint or designate additional relevant Management Authorities for effective implementation of these Regulations.

Scientific Authority.

5. The Minister shall appoint or designate by notice published in the Gazette One or more Scientific Authorities as appropriate, which shall:

(a) advise the Management Authority on whether or not the proposed export of a specimen of a species listed in Appendix I or II will be detrimental to the survival of species involved;

(b) give scientific input to the Management Authority on policies related to the implementation of CITES;

(c) conduct studies and research on the population status, distribution, population trends and other biological and ecological factors as appropriate, and trade information relating to species concerned;

(d) monitor export permits issued and the actual export of specimens in accordance with the provisions of Article IV, paragraph 3, of CITES; and

(e) advise the Management Authority on suitable measures to be taken to limit grant of export permits for specimens of species
other than those listed in Appendix I that are threatened with extinction and which may be affected by trade.

PART THREE
CONTROL OF TRADE IN SPECIES LISTED IN CITES APPENDICES

6.- (1) The trade in specimens of species included in Appendix I shall be regulated in accordance with the provisions of these Regulations.

(2) Specimen of species of Appendix I shall not be exported without the prior issuance and presentation of an export permit granted by the Management Authority.

(3) An export permit shall only be granted when the:

   (a) Scientific Authority has advised that such export will not be detrimental to the survival of that species;

   (b) Management Authority is satisfied that the specimen was not obtained in contravention of the laws of that State for the protection of fauna and flora;

   (c) Management Authority is satisfied that any living specimen will be so prepared and shipped in accordance with the most recent edition of the Live Animals Regulations of the International Air Transport Association, regardless of the mode of transport, so as to minimize the risk of injury, damage to health or cruel treatment; and

   (d) Management Authority is satisfied that an import permit, from the importing country, has been granted for the specimen.

7.- (1) The import of any specimen of a species included in Appendix I shall require the prior grant and presentation of an import permit and either an export permit or a re-export certificate.

(2) An import permit shall only be granted when the:

   (a) Scientific Authority has advised that the import will be for purposes not detrimental to the survival of the species involved;

   (b) Scientific Authority is satisfied that the proposed recipient of a living specimen is suitably equipped to house and care for it; and
(c) Management Authority is satisfied that the specimen is not to be used for primarily commercial purposes.

8.- (1) The re-export of any specimen of a species included in Appendix I shall require the prior grant and presentation of a re-export certificate.

(2) A re-export certificate shall only be granted when the Management Authority is satisfied that:

(a) the specimen was imported in accordance with the provisions of the present Convention;

(b) any living specimen will be so prepared and shipped in accordance with the most recent edition of the Live Animals Regulations of the International Air Transport Association, regardless of the mode of transport, so as to minimize the risk of injury, damage to health or cruel treatment; and

(c) an import permit, from the importing country, has been granted for any living specimen.

9.- (1) The introduction from the sea of any specimen of a species included in Appendix I shall require the prior grant of a certificate from a Management Authority.

(2) A certificate shall only be granted when the:

(a) Scientific Authority advises that, the introduction will not be detrimental to the survival of the species involved;

(b) Management Authority is satisfied that, the proposed recipient of a living specimen is suitably equipped to house and care for it; and

(c) Management Authority is satisfied that, the specimen is not to be used for primarily commercial purposes.

10. -(1) Any Trade in specimens of species included in Appendix II shall be in accordance with the provisions of these Regulations.

(2) The export of any specimen of a species included in Appendix II shall require the prior grant and presentation of an export permit.

(3) An export permit shall only be granted when the:

(a) Scientific Authority has advised that, such export will not be detrimental to the survival of that species;
(b) Management Authority is satisfied that, the specimen was not obtained in contravention of the laws of that State for the protection of fauna and flora; and

(c) Management Authority is satisfied that, any living specimen will be so prepared and shipped in accordance with the most recent edition of the Live Animals Regulations of the International Air Transport Association, regardless of the mode of transport, so as to minimize the risk of injury, damage to health or cruel treatment.

11. The import of any specimen of a species included in Appendix II shall require the prior presentation of either an export permit or a re-export certificate.

12.-(1) The re-export of any specimen of a species included in Appendix II shall require the prior grant and presentation of a re-export certificate.

(2) A re-export certificate shall only be granted when the Management Authority is satisfied that:

(a) the specimen was imported in accordance with the provisions of the present Convention; and

(b) any living specimen will be so prepared and shipped in accordance with the most recent edition of the Live Animals Regulations of the International Air Transport Association, regardless of the mode of transport, so as to minimize the risk of injury, damage to health or cruel treatment.

13.-(1) The introduction from the sea of any specimen of a species included in Appendix II shall require the prior grant of a certificate from the Management Authority.

(2) A certificate shall only be granted when the:

(a) Scientific Authority advises that, the introduction will not be detrimental to the survival of the species involved; and

(b) Management Authority is satisfied that, any living specimen will be so handled as to minimize the risk of injury, damage to health or cruel treatment.
14. - (1) Any trade in specimens of species included in Appendix III shall be in accordance with the provisions of these Regulations.

(2) The export of any specimen of a species included in Appendix III shall require the prior grant and presentation of an export permit.

(3) An export permit shall only be granted when the Management Authority is satisfied that:

(a) the specimen was not obtained in contravention of the laws for the protection of fauna and flora; and

(b) any living specimen will be so prepared and shipped in accordance with the most recent edition of the Live Animals Regulations of the International Air Transport Association, regardless of the mode of transport, so as to minimize the risk of injury, damage to health or cruel treatment.

15. The import of any specimen of a species included in Appendix III shall require, except in circumstances to which regulation 16 of these Regulations applies, the prior presentation of a certificate of origin and, where the import is from a State which has included that species in Appendix III, an export permit.

16. -(1) The re-export of any specimen of a species included in Appendix III shall require, a certificate granted by the Management Authority that the specimen was processed or is being re-exported from Zanzibar.

(2) The certificate referred under sub regulation (1) of this regulation, shall be prima facie evidence that the provisions of the CITES have been complied with in respect of the specimen concerned.

PART FOUR
GENERAL CONDITIONS FOR PERMITS AND CERTIFICATES

17. The Management Authority shall only issue and/or accept permits and certificates, issued under Part III of these regulations, conforming to CITES standards.

18.- (1) An export or re-export permit shall contain the information specified in Article VI of CITES and Annex 2 of the most recent version of Resolution 12.3 of the Conference of the Parties.

(2) Subject to the provision of this regulation, the permit shall only be used for export or re-export within a period of six months from the date on which it was granted.
19. -(1) An import permit shall contain the information specified in Article VI of CITES and Annex 2 of the most recent version of Resolution 12.3 of the Conference of the Parties.

(2) Subject to the provision of this regulation, the permit shall only be used for import within a period of twelve months from the date on which it was granted.

20. A permit or certificate prescribed under these Regulations shall contain the:

(a) full title of CITES;

(b) name and any identifying stamp of the Management Authority for purposes of these Regulations; and

(c) control number assigned by the Management Authority.

21. Any copies of permit or certificates issued by the Management Authority shall be clearly marked as copies only and the copy shall not be used in place of the original, except to the extent endorsed thereon.

22. Management Authority shall issue a separate permit or certificate for each trade consignment of specimens.

23. Except as otherwise provided by specific resolutions of the Conference of Parties, the Management Authority may affix a mark upon any specimen to assist in identifying the specimen.

24. The Management Authority may, at any time, revoke or cancel any certificate or permit issued under the Act or Regulations made under this Act where the certificate or permit holder:

(a) obtained a license through fraud, deception or misrepresentation;

(b) convicted of any crime involving moral turpitude or serious crimes against the laws of Zanzibar and sentenced to imprisonment for a term exceeding six(6) months;

(c) failed to discharge his duties, responsibilities and obligations by reason of medical or any other physical illness;

(d) engaged in repeat acts of gross negligence, gross malpractice or gross incompetence;

(e) adjudged bankruptcy;

(f) failed to pay fees prescribed under the Act or these Regulations;
(g) engaged in the use of dishonesty, fraud, deception, misconduct, misrepresentation, false promise or false pretense;

(h) violated or failed to comply with the provisions of any act or regulations administered by the director;

(i) requested in writing to the Management Authority that his license has to be suspend or revoke from the register and the Management Authority agreed to do so; or

(j) do any other unlawful matter.

PART FIVE
EXEMPTIONS AND OTHER SPECIAL PROVISIONS
RELATING TO TRADE IN SPECIES

25. -(1) The provisions of Part III of these Regulations shall not apply to the transit or trans-shipment of specimens through or in any part of Zanzibar while the specimens remain under the control of the customs department.

(2) A person who intends to transit specimens shall declare that the consignments are in transit by filling the Transit Declaration Form as prescribed in the First Schedule to these Regulations.

(3) The Transit Declaration Form shall be accompanied with all documentations as deemed necessary for transit.

(4) Upon receipt of a Transit Declaration Form from the importer and being satisfied with the document produced, the Management Authority shall declare in writing that such consignments are in transit and conform to the transit requirements under these Regulations.

(5) The Management Authority shall inspect any specimens in transit and may seize any specimens not accompanied by appropriate transit documents as stipulated in these Regulations.

26. -(1) A person who intends to transship Specimens shall declare the consignments in transshipment by filling the Transshipment Declaration Form as prescribed in the Second Schedule to these Regulations.

(2) The Transshipment Declaration Form shall be accompanied with all documentations as deemed necessary for transshipment.

(3) Upon receipt of a Transshipment Declaration Form from the importer, the Management Authority in collaboration with Ports Authority may cause such consignment and the document produced to be inspected.
(4) The Management Authority may seize and store or place in captivity any specimens not accompanied by the appropriate transshipment documents in consultation with customs authority.

(5) When the Management Authority is satisfied that the consignments fulfill the transshipment requirements under these Regulations shall declare in writing that the consignments are in transshipment.

27.-(1) The Management Authority in consultation with the Management Authority of the United Republic of Tanzania may, upon being satisfied in writing that a specimen was acquired before the provisions of CITES applied to that specimen, issue a pre-Convention certificate to that effect.

(2) Where the Management Authority issues the pre-convention certificate pursuant to being satisfied with respect to the specimen referred in sub regulation (1) of this regulation, the provisions of Part Three of these Regulations shall not apply to that specimen.

28.-(1) Except as provided for in sub-regulation (2) below, the provisions of Part Three of these Regulations shall not apply to specimens that are personal or household effects as the Management Authority may determine.

(2) Notwithstanding the provision of sub regulation (1) of this regulation, the provisions of Part Three shall apply where:

(a) in the case of a specimen of a species in Appendix I acquired by the owner outside his State of usual residence and is being imported into that State; or

(b) in the case of a specimen of species included in Appendix II:

(i) they were acquired by the owner outside his State of usual residence and in a State where removal from the wild occurred;

(ii) they are being imported into the owner’s State of usual residence; and

(iii) the State where removal from the wild occurred requires the prior grant of export permits before any export of such specimens.
(3) The provisions of this regulation shall not apply where the Management Authority is satisfied that the specimens were acquired before the provisions of the CITES applied to that specimen.

29. Any specimen of animal species which is Appendix I and is bred in captivity for commercial purposes, or of a plant species included in Appendix I that is artificially propagated for commercial purposes, shall be deemed to be specimens of species included in Appendix II and subject to related controls under these Regulations.

30.-(1) The Management Authority shall, after consultation with the Scientific Authority and upon being satisfied that any specimen of an animal species was bred in captivity or any specimen of a plant species was artificially propagated or is a part of such animal or plant or was derived therefrom, issue a certificate to that effect.

(2) Subject to the provision of sub regulation (1) of this regulation, the certificate shall be accepted in lieu of any of the permits or certificates required under the provisions of Part Three of this Regulation.

31. The provisions of Part Three of these Regulations shall not apply to a non-commercial loan, donation or exchange between scientists or scientific institutions registered by the Management Authority, after consultation with the Scientific Authorities, of herbarium specimens, other preserved, dried or embedded museum specimens, and live plant material which carry a label issued or approved by the Management Authority, travelling zoo, circus, menagerie, plant exhibition or other travelling exhibition provided that the:

(a) exporter or importer registers full details of such specimens with Management Authority;

(b) specimens are in either of the categories specified in regulations 28, 29 and 30 of these Regulations; and

(c) Management Authority is satisfied that any living specimen will be so transported and cared for as to minimize the risk of injury, damage to health or cruel treatment.

32.-(1) The import, export or re-export of specimens of species included in Appendices I, II and III of CITES shall be presented for clearance at customs port specified in the Third Schedule of these Regulations.

(2) The Minister, in consultation with other relevant authorities, may amend the Third Schedule to these Regulations if it deems necessary.
33. -(1) Any specimen which is seized in the process of enforcing these Regulations shall:

(a) be entrusted to the Management Authority; and

(b) after the Management Authority consults with the State of export, be returned to that State at the expense of that State or placed in an approved rescue centre or such other place as the Management Authority deems appropriate and consistent with the purposes of CITES.

(2) The Management Authority shall obtain the advice of the Scientific Authority in order to facilitate the decision under sub-regulation (1) of this regulation.

34. -(1) The Management Authority shall, in consultation with the Scientific Authority, cause to be maintained records of trade in specimens of species included in Appendices I, II and III of CITES.

(2) The records of trade maintained by the Management Authority shall provide for the:

(a) names and addresses of exporters and importers;

(b) number and type of permits and certificates granted;

(c) states with which such trade occurred;

(d) numbers or quantities and types of specimens and names of species as included in Appendices I, II and III of CITES; and

(e) size and sex of the specimens in question, where applicable.

PART SIX
EXPORT OF LIVE SPECIMENS

35. Subsequent to its capture and prior to export every:

(a) Herbivorous mammals shall be kept in captivity for at least two months during which it shall be supplied with the appropriate food and fresh water which will also be made available on the journey;

(b) Carnivorous mammals shall be kept in captivity for at least fourteen days during which it shall be supplied with the type of food and water which will be available on the journey;
(c) Reptiles, amphibians or birds shall be kept in captivity for at least fourteen days during which it shall be supplied with the type of food and water which will be available on the journey;

(d) Insects shall be kept in captivity for not more than three days during which it shall be supplied with the appropriate of food and water which will also made be available on the journey; and

(e) Animals shall be allowed to accustom itself to the container in which it will be exported for not less than seven days.

36. -(1) The container in which an animal species is exported shall conform to the container standards for export of live animal prescribed in the Fourth Schedule to these Regulations, the International Air Transport Association Live Animal Regulations and the CITES guidelines for the non-air transport of live wild animals and plants.

(2) Without prejudice to the provision of sub-regulation (1), the container in which an animal is exported shall:

(a) be enclosed in containers that are roomy and comfortable and if the animals are to travel by sea the containers must be large and stronger than those used for air transport;

(b) be strong with all nails and screws counter-sank;

(c) stand on a deck and be provided with feet or bitterns to allow space of at least 10 centimeters between the bottom of the container and deck;

(d) have provision made in containers for inserting food and removing excrement without undue disturbance to the animal;

(e) have provision made for the animal to see outside but there must be a curtain which can be raised and lowered to give the animal privacy when necessary;

(f) be made waterproof in case the roofs are not sheltered;

(g) be adequately ventilated and protected from extreme temperature;

(h) in case birds that do not require padding under the roof be ventilated at the roof and one side; and
37. - (1) A person who intends to export specimens of species included in Appendices I, II and III shall declare by filling the Export Declaration Form and present to the Management Authority for scrutiny.

(2) The Export Declaration Form referred under sub regulation (1) of this regulation shall be prescribed in the Fifth Schedule to these Regulations.

(3) Upon receipt of Export Declaration Form from exporter and after being satisfied with compliance of the conditions required under these Regulations, the Management Authority shall grant the exporter an export permit prescribed in the Sixth Schedule to these Regulations.

38. -(1) A person shall not be granted a permit to export specimens of species included in Appendices I, II and III unless he satisfies the licensing officer that:

(a) he is an owner or authorized in writing for use of a holding ground or farm, aviary or pen as may be appropriate, where the captured specimen will be kept until exported;

(b) he has made formal arrangements for the sale or other disposal of the specimen intended to be captured to a zoo or other person or institution; and

(c) it is not against the public interest for such an institution or individual to receive such specimen.

(2) All holding grounds or farms shall be maintained in such a manner as the Management Authority or a veterinary officer may direct and it shall be lawful for any enforcement officer to inspect a holding farm or ground at any time.

(3) The owner of holding grounds or farms shall be responsible for the efficient maintenance of such holding grounds or farms and shall comply with the provisions of these Regulations and any directive given hereunder.

39. Live animal specimens shall not be exported unless the Management Authority is satisfied that there exists:

(a) a letter from a zoological institution, a similar establishment or person as evidence that the specimen shall be received by such institution, establishment or person; and
(b) evidence that proper accommodation has been reserved on a vehicle, ship, aircraft or any other means of transport for the specimen as approved.

40. An enforcement officer shall be entitled to inspect any specimen in its container before it is exported.

41.- (1) A veterinary officer shall examine all live animal specimens at least seven days prior to their export.

(2) A veterinary officer who examines the specimen shall issue a certificate of health in respect of such a specimen.

42. A person who intends to import or export plants listed under any of the CITES Appendices shall, from time to time, comply with the procedures prescribed under the Plant Protection Act and the provisions of these Regulations.

43. Live animal specimens shall not be exported unless the veterinary officer examining and certified that, the live animal is fit in a state of health and has received all the necessary vaccinations, inoculations or treatment.

44. A trophy export certificate or permit shall be issued in respect of animal specimen that has been approved by relevant authority, for the export of such specimen and shall be endorsed with the name and address of the institution to which the specimen is consigned.

45. Any live animal specimen earmarked for export shall not be removed from a holding ground or farm until arrangements have been made for such specimen to be loaded on a vessel within twenty-four hours from the date of arrival at the port of embarkation.

46. A holder of CITES permit or an authorized representative of the holder, duly registered by the Management Authority, shall accompany all live animal specimen consignments transported to the port of embarkation.

47. (1) A permit holder shall be responsible for the welfare and safety of the live animal specimen captured by him until such time as when that animal is exported.

(2) A permit holder shall take all necessary and reasonable measures to safeguard the welfare and safety of the live animal specimen captured by him.
48. A permit holder shall produce to the Management Authority a copy of the bill of lading in respect of the live animal specimen exported and a letter from the institution or person to which the specimen has been sent acknowledging the receipt of the specimen within ninety days after the date of export.

49. Any owner of a holding ground or farm shall maintain a record of all live animal specimens received and disposed by him in a register, which shall be inspected by an enforcement officer.

50.-(1) An owner of a holding ground or farm shall send a quarterly return to the Management Authority and the enforcement officer in charge of the area in which his holding ground or farm is situated.

(2) The quarterly return from any owner of a holding ground or farm shall contain the:

(a) number of live animal specimens of each species or other specimens exported during the preceding quarter;

(b) names of institutions or persons to which they have been exported; and

(c) amount of money realized from the trade.

51. Export and import of any live any living specimen will be so prepared and shipped in accordance with the most recent edition of the Live Animals Regulations of the International Air Transport Association, regardless of the mode of transport, so as to minimize the risk of injury, damage to health or cruel treatment.

PART SEVEN
OFFENCES AND PENALTIES

52. -(1) Any person who:

(a) imports, exports, re-exports, or introduces from the sea, or attempts to import, export, re-export or introduce from the sea, any specimen of a species listed in the CITES Appendices without a valid permit or certificate;

(b) provides information either oral or written which is false or misleading in material respect for any purpose under these Regulations;
(c) misuses a document or fails to comply with the conditions of a permit or certificate;

(d) fraudulently defaces, destroys, forges, alters or tampers with a mark used by the Management Authority to individually and permanently identify specimens or any document provided for under these Regulations;

(e) possesses or controls, or offers or exposes for sale or display to the public, any specimen of a species listed in the CITES Appendices which was not legally acquired; or

(f) obstructs or hinders any enforcement officer in the performance of his duties,

commits an offence and upon conviction shall be liable to a fine not less than thirty percent of the value of the consignment or to imprisonment for a term not less than six months or both such fine and imprisonment.

(2) Where the offence is committed by the body corporate the fine is not less than fifty percent of the value of the consignment or to imprisonment a term not less than six months or both such fine and imprisonment.

(3) The Court may, in addition to the penalty imposed under sub-regulation (1) of this regulation, order forfeiture of the specimen, container, vessel, instruments or any tools or items used in the commission of the offence.

53. Any act which, if done by an individual, would be an offence against these Regulations shall, if done by a body corporate be an offence by the Director, Chief Executive Officer or Secretary thereof, unless he proves that the offence was committed without his consent or connivance and that he exercised all such diligence to prevent the commission of the offence as he ought to have been exercised having regard to the nature of his functions in that capacity and to all circumstances.

54. A person convicted of an offence under these Regulations for which no penalty is expressly provided is liable to a fine not less than twenty percent of the value of the consignment or to a term of imprisonment not less than six months or both such fine and imprisonment in the case of a body corporate to a fine of not less than thirty percent of the value of the consignment or to a term of imprisonment not less six months or both such fine and imprisonment.
PART EIGHT
MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

55. -(1) A person who is aggrieved by the any decision in accordance with these Regulations may, within ten days from the date of decision, appeal in writing to the Minister.

(2) For the purpose of implementing the provision of the sub regulation (1) of this regulation, the aggrieved applicant shall be required to:

(a) notify the Management Authority his intention to appeal;

(b) write a letter to the Minister and stating the grounds for the appeal; and

(c) submit to the Minister all necessary documents to support his appeal.

(3) The parties of the dispute shall be given a right to express his concern relating to the dispute.

(4) The Minister shall determine the dispute and provide his decision within fourteen days from the date of receipt the letter of appeal.

(5) The decision of the Minister provided under sub regulation (4) of this regulation, may be appealed to the High Court.

56. Where export or re-export of a specimen of a species is to, or import is from, a State not a party to CITES, comparable documentation issued by the competent authority in that State, which substantially conforms to the requirements of CITES, for permits and certificates, may be accepted in lieu thereof by the Management Authority, for purposes of these Regulations.

57. The Management Authority in consultation with the Management Authority of the United Republic of Tanzania shall communicate to the Secretariat, impressions of stamps, seals or other devices used to authenticate permits or certificates.

58. The Management Authority in consultation with the Management Authority of the United Republic of Tanzania and Scientific Authority, may submit to the Secretariat, for inclusion in Appendix III of CITES, one or more species identified as being subject to regulation under any written law in Zanzibar for purposes of preventing or restricting their exploitation and as needing the cooperation of other Parties in the control of trade of such species.
FIRST SCHEDULE

_________________________________
TRANSIT DECLARATION FORM
[Made under regulation 25(2)]

___________________________________

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>S/N</th>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Name and address of the Importer</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Name and address of the Exporter</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Country of origin</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Country of destination</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Vessel name and registration number</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Description of the Specimens</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Quantity of specimens (number, tons, etc)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Date of shipment</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Declaration:

I, ......................................... do hereby declare that, the information provided is valid true and accurate to the best of my knowledge

Date: ___________________________________________
Signature: ______________________________________

Note: This form should be attached with valid CITES documents and transit of the consignment documents
SECOND SCHEDULE

TRANS-SHIPMENT DECLARATION FORM

[Made under regulation 26(1)]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>S/N</th>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Name and address of the Importer</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Name and address of the Exporter</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Port of origin</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Port of destination</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Vessel name and registration number</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Description of the specimens</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Quantities of specimens (number, tons, etc)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Vessel name and registration number of which the consignment is to be</td>
<td>onward carried</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Date of shipment</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Declaration:

I, ....................................... do hereby declare that, the information provided is valid true and accurate to the best of my knowledge

Date: ____________________________ Signature: ____________________________

Note: This form should be attached with valid CITES permit and other transshipment documents
THIRD SCHEDULE

______________________________

CUSTOMS PORT

[Made under regulation 32(1)]

______________________________

1. Abeid Amani Karume International Airport (AAKIA).
2. Malindi Sea Port.
3. Pemba Airport.
4. Mkoani Sea Port.
5. Wete Sea Port.
FOURTH SCHEDULE

CONTAINER STANDARDS FOR EXPORT OF LIVE ANIMAL

[Made under regulation 36(1)]

A: MAMMALIA

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Group No</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Container Standards</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>1. Zebra</td>
<td>(a) The animal shall be crated singly during which it shall be supplied with appropriate food and fresh water which will also be made available on the journey,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2. Rhinoceros</td>
<td>(b) The length of the container shall be made at least 50cm longer than the animal,</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3. Buffalo</td>
<td>(c) The container shall be provided with a gap of at least 20cm between the highest point reached by the animal and the roof,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4. Large Antelopes</td>
<td>(d) The side of the container shall be planked solid for 2/3 the height,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(e) Any necessary padding shall be made to the sides and rear of the container away from the horns,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(f) The bottom boards of the container shall be made transverse with suitable gaps for drainage, and</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(g) The container shall be made in a manner that will prevent the animal from turning around.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.</td>
<td>Elephant</td>
<td>(a) The animal shall be crated singly,</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(b) The length of the container shall be made at least 50cm longer than the animal,</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(c) The container shall be provided with a gap of at least 20cm between the highest point reached by the animal and roof,</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(d) The sides of the container shall be planked solid and provided with apertures for looking out or putting the trunk through without getting a hold on which to pull,</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(e) Any necessary padding shall be made to the sides and rear of the container away from the tusks,</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(f) The bottom boards of the container shall be made transverse with suitable gaps for drainage, and</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.</td>
<td>Hippopotamus</td>
<td>(g) The container shall be made in a manner that will prevent the animal from turning around.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(a) The animal shall be crated singly,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(b) The length of the container shall be made at least 50cm longer than the animal,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(c) The container shall be provided with a gap of at least 20cm between the highest point reached by the animal and the roof,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(d) The sides of the container shall be planked solid for $\frac{2}{3}$ the height,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(e) The bottom boards of the container shall be made transverse with suitable gaps for drainage,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(f) The container shall be made in a manner that will prevent the animal from turning around, and</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(g) The container shall be made in manner that will allow the animal to turn around, lie down stand or stretch with case, and</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(h) Giraffe of over 330cm, in height shall not be exported without prior consultation with the airline or ship that will carry it.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.</td>
<td>1. Giraffe</td>
<td>(a) The animal shall be crated singly or in the event of chicks, six in a cage,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2. Ostrich</td>
<td>(b) The length of the container shall be made at least 50cm longer than the animal,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(c) The container shall be provided with a gap of at least 20cm between the highest point preached by the animal and the roof,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(d) The planking of the side may be perforated in such a manner that will not allow the animal to put its head through,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(e) The roof and any hard point where the animal might strike is head of given a sudden jolt shall be padded,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(f) The bottom boards of the container shall be made transverse with suitable gaps or drainage, and</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(g) The container shall be made in manner that will allow the animal to turn around, lie down stand or stretch with case, and</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(h) Giraffe of over 330cm, in height shall not be exported without prior consultation with the airline or ship that will carry it.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.</td>
<td>1. Lion</td>
<td>(a) The animal shall be crated singly,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2. Leopard</td>
<td>(b) The container shall be made to allow anima to stretch fully in all directions,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3. Cheetah</td>
<td>(c) The container shall be made in a manner that will allow the animal to turn around, lie down stand or stretch with case, and</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The rear and front sides of the container shall be provided with bars closely placed to prevent the animal from purring its paws through.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Small Antelopes</th>
<th>(a) The animal shall be crated singly or two or more if well acquainted,</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(b) Animals from different species may be crated together if well acquainted, and</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(c) The container shall be made to allow the animal to stretch fully in all directions.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Baboon          | (a) The animal shall be crated singly, |
| Monkey          | (b) Container for primates weighing less than 4kg shall be made at least 35cm x 35cm x 50cm in size, |
|                 | (c) Container for primates weighing over 4kg shall be made at least 50cm x 70cm x 70cm in size, |
|                 | (d) Where the animals are to travel by sea the sizes given in paragraphs 7(b) and 7(c) shall be provided with perches at a height that will allow the tails of the animal to dangle free of the floor, and |
|                 | (e) The bottom of the container shall be slatted to allow out-flow of excrement which can be retained in a tray inserted below the container. |

| Galago (Bush-babies) | (a) The animal shall be crated singly or up to 4 immatures in a cage, |
|                      | (b) Container shall be made at least 20cm x 20cm x 20cm in size, or shall be made to allow for a space of at least 20cm x 20cm x 20cm. for each animal, and |
|                      | (c) The bottom of the container shall be slatted to allow out-flow of excrement which can be retained in a tray inserted below the container. |

### B: BIRDS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Group No.</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Container Standards</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.</td>
<td>1. Quails</td>
<td>(a) Container shall be made at least 50cm x 50cm x 25cm in size, and</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2. Button Quails</td>
<td>(b) Container shall be provided with a perch at least 3cm from the door.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3. Small waders</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4. Babblers</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5. Thrushes</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>6. Tits</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>7. Finches</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>8. Buntings</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
2. 1. Cuckoo Shrikes  
2. Pittas  
3. Small Francolins  
4. Love-birds  
5. Large weavers and allies in size  
6. Warblers  
7. Orioles  
8. Shrikes  
9. Bulbuls  
10. Sudan dioch and allies in size  
11. Larks  
12. Wax bills and allies in size  

| (a) Container shall be made at least 50cm x 60cm x 25cm in size,  
(b) Container shall be provided with perch at least 3cm in size, and  
(c) Container shall be provided with soft lining to the inside of the roof. |

3. 1. Small ducks  
2. Rails  
3. Fin–foot  
4. Plovers and allies in size  
5. Sand grouse  
6. Large owls  
7. Gulls  

| (a) Container shall be made at least 50cm x 60cm x 25cm in size. |

4. 1. Rollers  
2. Pigeons  
3. Turacos  
4. Giant Kingfisher  
5. Small birds of prey  
6. Coucals  
7. Small owls  
8. Doves  
9. Parrots  
10. Bee-eaters  
11. Wood-peckers  
12. Hoopoes  
13. Trogons  
14. Honey Guides  
15. Broad bills  

| (a) Container shall be made at least 50cm x 60cm x 20cm in size, and  
(b) Container shall be provided with a perch at least 10cm from the floor. |

5. 1. Ducks  
2. Thickness  
3. Jacana  
4. Grebes  

<p>| (a) Container shall be made at least 50cm x 60cm x 20cm in size. |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Group No.</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Container Standards</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| 6.       | 1. Francolins  
2. Guinea fowls | (a) Container shall be made at least 50cm x 60cm x 20cm in size, and  
(b) Container shall be provided with soft lining to the roof. |
| 7.       | 1. Secretary Bird  
2. Herons  
3. Bitterns  
4. Storks  
5. Bustards  
6. Pelicans  
7. Cormorants  
8. Other large birds | (a) The animal shall be created singly, and  
(b) Container shall be made sufficiently large to allow in-mates complete freedom of turning and stretching their necks. |
| 8.       | 1. Spoonbills  
2. Flamingo  
3. Cranes  
4. Egrets  
5. Ibises | (a) The animal shall be crated singly or up to 6 individuals when export is by air,  
(b) Container shall be provided with soft lining under the roof,  
(c) Container shall be made sufficiently large to allow in-mates complete freedom of movement, and  
(d) The floor shall be covered with canvas, hessian or similar materials. |
| 9.       | 1. Vultures  
2. Eagles | (a) The animal shall be crated singly,  
(b) Container shall be made sufficiently large to allow inmates complete freedom of movement, and  
(c) Container shall be provided with Perches at least 15cm from the floor. |

C: REPTILES AND AMPHIBIANS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Group No.</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Container Standards</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| 1.       | 1. Reptiles  
2. Agama  
3. All chameleon species  
4. Gecko  
5. Grass snake  
6. Lizards  
7. Water snake | (a) The container shall be made of wood, plywood, hardboard, expanded polystyrene/Styrofoam, water-resistant fibre-board, burlap, fine wire mesh, nylon or similar mesh,  
(b) The inner container or compartment must be large enough to allow the animal to lie in a natural position with enough space to avoid stacking,  
(c) A clearance of 3cm as height of the container is required to permit good air flow over the animals,  
(d) If the inner container is divided into compartments the wall must be firmly fixed to the floor and/or sides in order to avoid collapse when the container is titled or turned upside down when loaded,  
(e) All partitions must have ventilation openings. |
<p>| | | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(f) Specimens over 77cm must be packed individually,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(g) Spiny lizards and adult geckos must be placed in individual compartments/containers,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(h) Geckos travel well with sufficient crumpled paper, but care must be taken not to occlude ventilation and</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(i) The bags containing geckos must be fastened so they do not knock into each other during transport.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Chameleons</td>
<td>(a) Require sufficient crumpled paper to provide a foot hold as well as cushion to each animal, and</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(b) Chameleons must be sprayed with warm fresh water at the time of packing.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Small lizards</td>
<td>(a) Small lizards need dry leaves or moss to provide a foot-hold.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Venomous reptiles</td>
<td>(a) Venomous reptiles must be individually packed in Styrofoam containers placed within a wooden container,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(b) The species listed above must have, inner and outer containers marked “Poisonous” in letters of at least 2.5cm high as well as the “Live Animal” and “The Way Up” labels.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Preparation before dispatch:**
- It is recommended one specimen is packed per bag, |
- Air must be able to circulate around the bags within a container, and |
- Where necessary, inorganic soft material must be placed in the container or bag to provide a foot-hold, in the case of small lizards. |

**General care and loading:**
- Species must not be mixed or combined with other species in a single or compartment or container, |
- Special care must be taken to avoid exposure to extreme temperatures, particularly during cold weather, these animals lie dormant for prolonged periods and, therefore, must not be presumed dead. |

**Warning:**
- Containers must not be placed in direct sunlight or in draughty areas, and |
- Reptiles are cold blooded; metal which comes in direct contact with the animal, must not be used in the construction of the inner container.
| 5. | Crocodile species | (a) The container shall be made of wood plywood, metal, fine wire mesh, expanded polystyrene/Styrofoam, burlap or similar material,  
(b) Large amphibians and reptiles must be crated individually in containers that prevent movement,  
(c) Smaller amphibians and reptiles up to 77cm can be packed in parallel as small groups within the container,  
(d) Similar trays in container of 50cm x 50cm, are suitable for young crocodiles (hatchlings),  
(e) Lizards up to 5cm tail base width can also be packed this way but there must be no more than 10 specimens per try in order to prevent stacking,  
(f) Crocodiles must have their mouths tied with sealing tape and the blind folded with sealing tape and be blind folded with a soft material,  
(g) A temperature of 20°C (68°F) is optimum for most of these species,  
(h) Special care must be taken to avoid exposure to extreme temperatures, particularly during cold weather, these animals lie dormant for prolonged periods and, therefore, must not be presumed dead, and  
(i) Containers must not be placed in direct sunlight or in draughty areas. |
| 6. | 1. Sea turtle species  
2. Terrapin species  
3. Tortoise species | (a) The height of the box must allow the animals to move freely but prevent them stacking, there must be enough floor space for a single layer of specimen to occupy simultaneously without overlapping,  
(b) The container must consist of only one layer of horizontal compartments,  
(c) A suitable mesh must be fixed under the lid over the specimens so that there is no danger of any escaping when the lid is teased,  
(d) Ventilation opening of a minimal one centimeter (1cm) must be placed in all four sides, the top and in any partitions within the container,  
(e) The openings must be screened from the inside with a fine nylon or similar mesh,  
(f) Outer container 68.6cm (27in) x 28cm (11in) x 22.8cm (9in). Inner plastic, or similar “clam shell” type container with dimensions of 12.7cm (5in) x 12.7cm (5in) x 4.5cm (1½in), |
(g) There must be ventilation openings on all four sides and top of the container confluent with the openings of the inner container so that air can circulate throughout the whole interior of the outer container on all four side and lid,

(h) The inner containers must have ventilation openings on all four sides and on a lid,

(i) Five individual specimens per plastic inner container when the carapace length is greater than 5cm (2in) but not more than 10cm (4in), and

(j) Aggressive species as noted above must be packed individually. Only specimens of the same species must be packed in any one outer container.

Preparation before dispatch:
- Where necessary, suitable brushwood or similar material must be placed in the box, and
- Terrapins and aquatic turtles must be packed in damp, not wet, soft non-toxic absorbent inorganic bedding to minimize injury.

Feeding and watering guide:
- In case of more than one type of specimen per shipment, they must not be mixed or combined with other species of reptiles in a container or compartment of a container,
- Only specimens of the same size must be loaded in the same container,
- Special care must be taken to avoid exposure to extreme temperature, particularly during cold weather, these animals lie dormant for prolonged periods and, therefore, must not be presumed dead, and
- On no account must unnatural hibernation be induced by loading the consignments in thermally controlled containers.

### D. OTHER ANIMALS

The container of other animal shall, from time to time, be approved by the Management Authority.
FIFTH SCHEDULE

EXPORT DECLARATION FORM

[Made under regulation 37(2)]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>S/N</th>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Name and address of the Importer</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Name and address of the Exporter</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Country of origin</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Country of destination</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Vessel name and registration number</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Description of the Specimens</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Quantity of specimens (number, tons, etc)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Date of shipment</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Declaration:

I, ........................................... do hereby declare that, the information provided is valid true and accurate to the best of my knowledge

Date: ___________________________________ Signature: ___________________________________

Note: This form should be attached with valid CITES documents and transit of the consignment documents
## SIXTH SCHEDULE

### EXPORT PERMIT

[Made under regulation 37(3)]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PERMIT/CERTIFICATE No:</th>
<th>Original</th>
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</thead>
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</tbody>
</table>

2. Valid until

3. Importer (name address)  

4. Export/Re-exporter (name and address. Country)

5. Special conditions
   If for live animals, this permit or certificate is only valid if the transport Conditions comply with IATA Live Animals Regulations. If for live plants, with IATA Perishable Cargo Regulations, or in the case of non-air transport, with the CITES guidelines for the non-air transport of live wild animals and plants.

6. Name address, national seal/stamp and country of Management Authority

5a. Purpose of the transaction (see Reverse)  
5b. Security stamp No.

7/8 Scientific name (genus and species) and common name of animal or plant  
9. Description of specimens, including identifying marks or numbers (age/sex if live)

10 Appendix No. and Source (See Reverse)  
11. Quantity (including units)

11a. Total exported Quota

12 Country of origin*  
12a Country of last re-export  
12b. No of the operation**, or Date of acquisition***

12a Country of last re-export  
12b. No of the operation**, or Date of acquisition***

12a Country of last re-export  
12b. No of the operation**, or Date of acquisition***

12a Country of last re-export  
12b. No of the operation**, or Date of acquisition***

* Country in which the specimens were taken from the wild, bred in captivity or artificially propagated (only in case of re-export).
** Only for specimen of Appendix I Species bred in captivity or artificially propagated for commercial purposes
*** For Pre-Convention species.

13. This permit/certificate is issued by:

Place  
Date  
Security stamp, signature and official seal

14. Export endorsement

15. Bill of lading /Air Way-bill Number

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Block</th>
<th>Quality</th>
<th>Port of Export</th>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Signature</th>
<th>Official stamp and title</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
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</table>
SIGNED on this 27th day of March, 2019.

(MMANGA MJENGO MJAWIRI)
MINISTER FOR AGRICULTURE, NATURAL RESOURCES, LIVESTOCK AND FISHERIES
ZANZIBAR